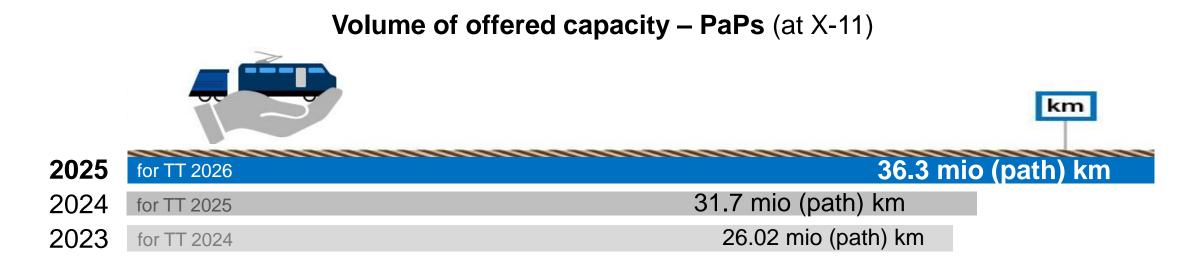
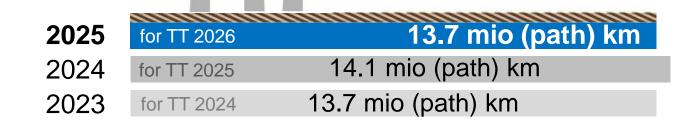


RailNetEurope

Commonly applicable RFC KPIs RFC North Sea-Mediterranean MAY 2025





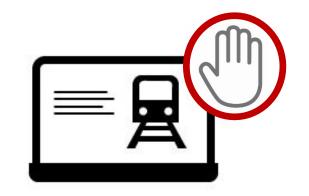


*The figures refer to the capacity which the C-OSS of the RFC concerned publishes and pre-allocates. These might therefore not reflect the total amount of offered and pre-allocated PaPs along the RFC.



Number of requests – PaPs (at X-8) (number of PCS dossiers)

Number of conflicts – PaPs (at X-8) (number of conflicting PCS dossiers)



2025	for TT 2026		244	2025 11 for TT 2026
2024	for TT 2025	206		2024 8 for TT 2025
2023	for TT 2024	187		2023 4 for TT 2024

*The figures refer to the capacity which the C-OSS of the RFC concerned publishes and pre-allocates. These might therefore not reflect the total amount of offered and pre-allocated PaPs along the RFC.



Volume of pre-booked capacity – PaPs (at X-7.5)

Ratio of pre-booked capacity (to the volume of capacity offered at x-11)

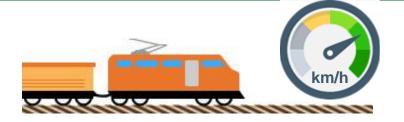


2025	for TT 2026	13.45 mio (path) km	2025	for TT 2026	37.1%
2024	for TT 2025	14 mio (path) km		for TT 2025	44.4%
2023	for TT 2024	13.7 mio (path) km	2023	for TT 2024	52.7%

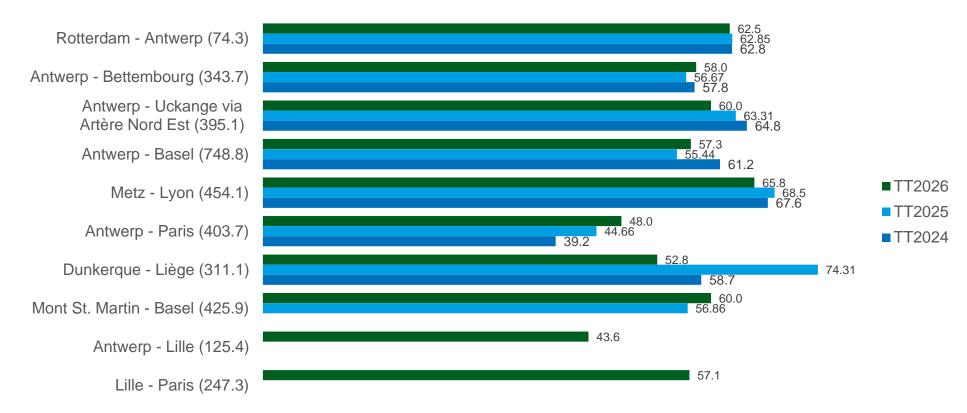
*The figures refer to the capacity which the C-OSS of the RFC concerned publishes and pre-allocates. These might therefore not reflect the total amount of offered and pre-allocated PaPs along the RFC.



Average planned speed of PaPs (calculation per O/D pairs, km/h)







*This KPI should be perceived as qualitative as journey times might include commercial and operational stops.



Disclaimer: For Operation and Market Development KPIs

The calculation method changed in 2024, and the figures are not comparable with the previous years. A new train definition was used to calculate 2024 figures.

RFC Train Definition description: An RFC train is defined as a freight train that crosses at least one international border and operates on designated RFC network routes.

To be classified as an RFC train, it must meet the following conditions:

- Be a freight train;
- Cross at least one international border;
- Operate fully or partially on an RFC network section;
- If an already identified RFC train runs 300 km or more within the network of a different RFC without crossing its border, it is still classified as an RFC train of that corridor;
- Assignment Rules for Overlapping sections of RFC Corridors:

Trains on fully overlapped sections:

All trains running on completely overlapped sections are assigned to all the corridors involved. However, the concerned RFCs
may apply additional criteria to assign a train to a single corridor based on the specific situation.

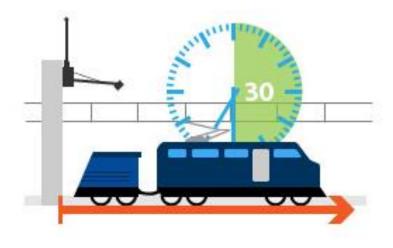
Trains running partly in overlapped sections:

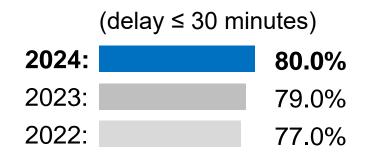
- If a train crosses one border along the RFC and runs at least one section exclusively within a single RFC, it is assigned to that RFC.
- If a train operates on an overlapping section, but there is at least one corridor that can also cover the previous or following non-overlapping section, the train will be assigned to that corridor(s) only.



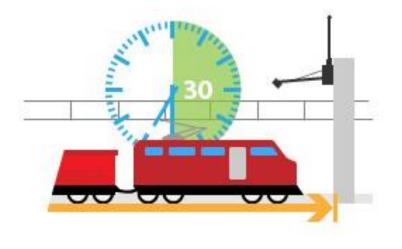


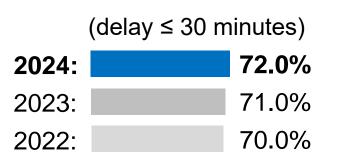
Punctuality at origin (RFC entry)





Punctuality at destination (RFC exit)

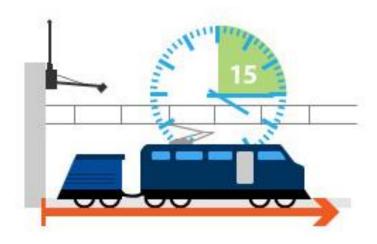


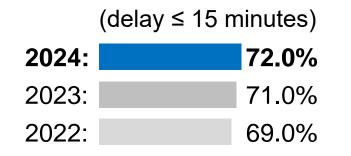




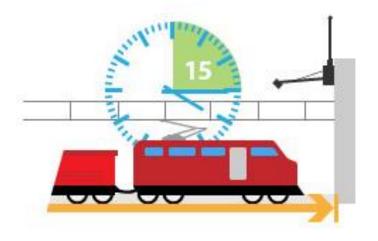


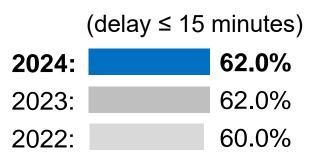
Punctuality at origin (RFC entry)





Punctuality at destination (RFC exit)

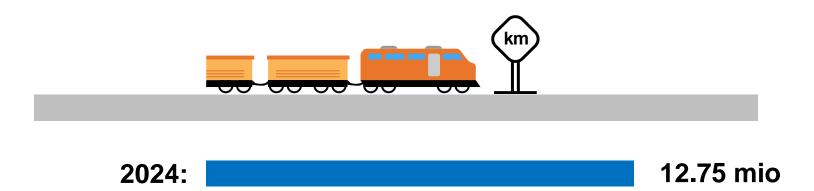








Train Kilometers (million) of trains per RFC*

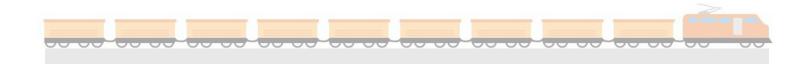


*The calculation of this KPI is based on data in RNE's TIS. International freight trains crossing a border of an RFC are considered in the calculation. The presented data might differ from the data gathered in the national systems due to data quality differences between individual IMs.





Number of trains per RFC*



2024:	26,191
2023:	30,560
2022:	32,671

*The calculation of year 2022 & 2023 is based on data in IMs' system. For 2024 is based on data in RNE's TIS. International freight trains crossing a border of an RFC are considered in the calculation.





Dwell times in border sections (planned and clean/real) 2024

Воі	rder	Avg. planned dwell (min.)	Avg. clean/real (min.)	
Mouscron	Tourcoing	1	0	
Blandain	Baisieux	3	4	
Erquelinnes	Erquelinnes Jeumont		1	
Aubange	Longwy	0	0	
Roosendaal	Roosendaal Essen		8	
Sas van Gent	Zelzate	1	0	
Autelbas	Autelbas Kleinbettingen		2	

*The calculation of this KPI is based on the data in RNE's TIS. International freight trains crossing a border of an RFC are considered in the calculation. The presented data might differ from the data gathered in the national systems due to data quality differences between individual IMs.





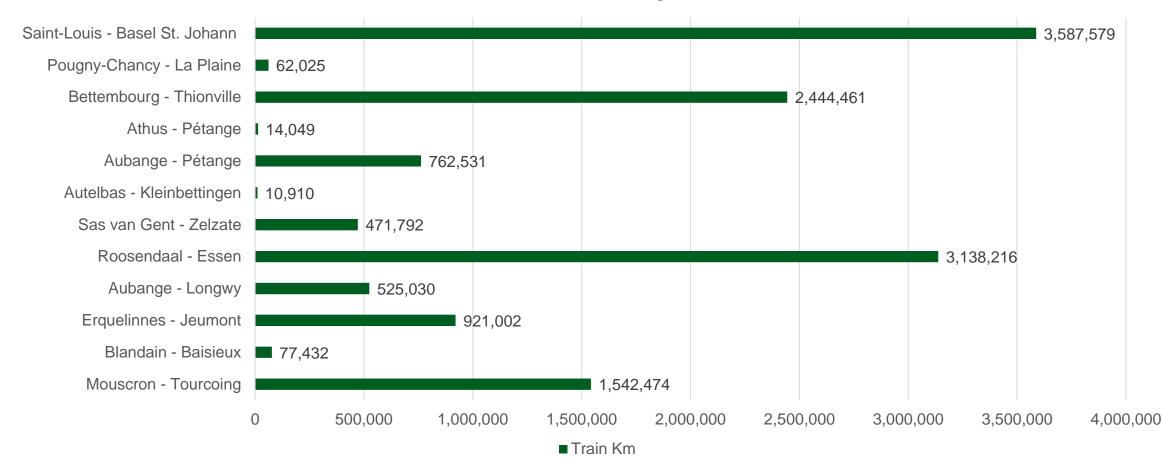
Dwell times in border sections (planned and clean/real) 2024

Во	rder	Avg. planned dwell (min.)	Avg. clean/real (min.)	
Aubange	Pétange	5	1	
Athus Pétange		5	1	
Bettembourg	Bettembourg Thionville		28	
Pougny-Chancy La Plaine		4	3	
Saint-Louis Basel St. Johann		59	59	

*The calculation of this KPI is based on the data in RNE's TIS. International freight trains crossing a border of an RFC are considered in the calculation. The presented data might differ from the data gathered in the national systems due to data quality differences between individual IMs.



MARKET DEVELOPMENT



Train kilometers of trains per border 2024

*The calculation of this KPI is based on the data in RNE's TIS. International freight trains crossing a border of an RFC are considered in the calculation. The presented data might differ from the data gathered in the national systems due to data quality differences between individual IMs.



MARKET DEVELOPMENT



*The calculation of this KPI is based on data in IMs' systems. The total sum of the figures per border does not correspond to the figure of the KPI 'Overall number of trains on the RFC' due to, among other reasons, the potential double-counting of trains crossing more than one border.





MARKET DEVELOPMENT

Ratio of capacity allocated by the C-OSS and the total allocated capacity*

Location Code	Between me	ember states	Between operat	ional points	Allocated by C-OSS 2022	Allocated by C-OSS 2023	Allocated by C-OSS 2024 (for TT2025)
EU00084	Belgium	France	Mouscron	Tourcoing	49.0%	55.0%	71.0%
EU00085	Belgium	France	Blandain	Baisieux	46.0%	67.0%	39.0%
EU00087	Belgium	France	Erquelinnes	Jeumont	45.0%	84.0%	96.0%
	Belgium	France	Quévy	Feignies	65.0%	84.0%	83.0%
EU00088	Belgium	France	Aubange	Longwy	63.0%	86.0%	65.0%
EU00090	Netherlands	Belgium	Roosendaal	Essen	28.0%	41% (RFC2) 19% (RFC8)	38.0%
EU00097	Belgium	Luxembourg	Aubange	Pétange	94.0%	89.0%	85.0%
EU00098	Belgium	Luxembourg	Athus	Pétange	N/A	0.0%	0.0%
EU00099	Luxembourg	France	Pétange	Mont-St-Martin	N/A	0.0%	0.0%
EU00102	Luxembourg	France	Bettembourg	Thionville	87.0%	100.0%	100.0%
EU00130	France	Switzerland	Pougny-Chancy	La Plaine	100.0%	75.0%	100.0%
EU00138	France	Switzerland	Saint-Louis	Basel St. Johann	64.0%	70.0%	100.0%

*In case of border points with more than one C-OSS responsible (in case of common offer or in case of overlapping sections), the KPI figure presents the combined number of all C-OSSs concerned.





Disclaimer

- » The KPIs reflect the performance of each individual RFC, therefore, when comparing the figures of various RFCs, the specificities of each one have to be considered. Each RFC may apply any additional KPIs, which are published in their annual reports on their websites and/or in the <u>Customer Information Platform</u> (CIP), where applicable.
- » Please refer to the annual reports of individual RFCs for comprehensive information concerning the figures and their analysis. In addition, you can find the description of each commonly applicable KPI in the RNE '<u>Guidelines for Key Performance Indicators of Rail Freight Corridors</u>'.

